LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN Merrill, Wisconsin

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2005

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Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Lincoln County Board of Supervisors Merrill, Wisconsin

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Lincoln County, Wisconsin's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Lincoln County, Wisconsin's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of PineCrest Nursing Home, an enterprise fund, which statements reflect total assets of \$8,717,573 as of December 31, 2005, and total revenues of \$9,997,961 for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for PineCrest Nursing Home, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 1, 2006, on our consideration of Lincoln County, Wisconsin's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

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The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 13 and the budgetary comparison information on 50 through 59 are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lincoln County, Wisconsin's basic financial statements. The combining fund statements listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Clifton Gunderson LLP

Stevens Point, Wisconsin May 1, 2006

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Lincoln County, we offer the readers of Lincoln County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Lincoln County exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$71,953,305 (net assets). Of this amount, \$20,868,263 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net assets increased by \$1,810,055.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Lincoln County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,767,089, an increase of \$11,554 in comparison with the prior year. Sixty-six percent of this total amount, \$9,127,589, is available for spending at the government's discretions (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance designated for cash flow for the general fund was \$4,769,580, or 38% of total general fund expenditures.
- Lincoln County's total general long-term obligations decreased by \$419,794.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Lincoln County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets reports what a government owns (assets) and owes (liabilities), as well as the net difference between the two (net assets). This statement reports the financial position of Lincoln County at December 31, 2005. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the County has two kinds of activities:

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- Governmental Activities Most of the County's programs and services are reported here, including general government, public safety, public works, health and human services, culture recreation and education, and conservation and development.
- Business-Type Activities These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or most of the services provided. The County's Nursing Home, Solid Waste Landfill, and Forestry are reported here.

Infrastructure assets (which include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, street and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems) are reported at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. They are part of the County Roads and Bridges governmental fund and were not required to have been reported before the implementation of GASB Statement Number 34.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objects. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the County's major funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains eleven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the county roads and bridges special revenue fund, social services special revenue fund, and developmental disabilities special revenue fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other seven governmental funds are combined into a single,

aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these seven nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its governmental funds except the jail assessment special revenue fund. As part of the basic governmental fund financial statements, budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund and for each individual, major special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Proprietary Funds - When the County charges customers for the services it provides - whether to outside customers or to other units of the County - these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the County's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its PineCrest Nursing Home, Solid Waste Landfill, and Forestry Department. The County uses internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the County's other programs and activities. The County uses internal service funds to account for its Health Insurance Trust Fund and the Highway Department.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. The County's fiduciary funds include its employees' benefit cafeteria plan and clerk of courts collection fund. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets. We exclude these net assets from the County's other financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Notes to basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. The combining fund statements are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

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As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. At the close of 2005, the County's assets exceeded liabilities by \$71,953,305.

By far the largest portion of the County's net assets (69%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, etc.), less

any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although, the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

		Lincoln Count	ty's Net Assets			in hour
	Governmental Activities	Activities	Business-Type Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Total
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Current and other assets	\$ 32,072,982	\$ 31,832,911	\$ 11,519,222	\$ 10,379,028	\$ 43,592,204	\$ 42,211,939
Capital assets	44,196,496	42,954,017	9,438,033	9,834,201	53,634,529	52,788,218
Total assets Long-term liabilities	76,269,478	74,786,928	20,957,255	20,213,229		95,000,157
outstanding	2,972,810	3,016,852	5,383,286	5,675,467	8,356,096	8,692,319
Other liabilities	14,825,235	14,242,251	2,092,097	1,922,337		16,164,588
Total liabilities	17,798,045	17,259,103	7,475,383	7,597,804		24,856,907
Net assets: Invested in capital assets,				X-12-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1		
net of related debt	44,081,002	42,825,212	5,440,292	5,406,881	49,521,294	48,232,093
Restricted	708,792	670,546	854,956	1,028,388	1,563,748	1,698,934
Unrestricted	13,681,639	14,032,067	7,186,624	6,180,156	20,868,263	20,212,223
Total net assets	\$ 58,471,433	\$ 57,527,825	\$ 13,481,872		\$ 71,953,305	

An additional portion of the County's net assets (2%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* (\$20,868,263) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

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At the end of the current fiscal year, Lincoln County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net assets by \$943,608, thereby accounting for 52% of the total growth in net assets of the County. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

	Line	coln County's (Char	nge in Net Asse	ets		
		I Governmenta	l Bu	siness-Type B	usiness-Type		
	Activities	Activities		Activities	Activities	Total	Total
五个加层。17、11、11、11、11、11、11、11、11、11、11、11、11、1	2005	2004		2005	2004	2005	2004
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$ 5,246,232	\$ 5,103,196	\$	11,712,269 \$	11,612,874	\$ 16,958,501	\$ 16,716,070
contributions Capital grants and	8,888,974	8,399,888		292,208	367,318	9,181,182	8,767,206
contributions	48,233	124,212			-	48,233	124,212
General revenues:							
Property taxes	10,336,898	10,058,464		336,325	248,094	10,673.223	10,306,558
Other taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to	1,990,217	2,003,720			-	1,990,217	2,003,720
specific programs	1,297,449	1,252,886			_	1,297,449	1,252,886
Other	846,404	442,809		67,300	1,994	913,704	
Total revenues	28,654,407	27,385,175		12,408,102	12,230,280	41,062,509	
Expenses:							
General government	4,604,490	4,382,018			-	4,604,490	4,382,018
Public safety	6,182,081	5,561,915		•	-	6,182,081	5,561,915
Public works	4,793,220	5,389,061			-	4,793,220	5,389,061
Health and human services	10,028,727	8,553,609			-	10,028,727	8,553,609
Culture and recreation Conservation and	812,593	718,324		=	-	812,593	718,324
development	850,047	924,201		-	-	850,047	924,201
Interest on long-term debt	171,791	121,739		-	-	171,791	121,739
Nursing home	-	-		9,611,306	8,923,880	9,611,306	8,923,880
Forestry		-		936,546	916,270	936,546	916,270
Landfill				1,261,653	1,310,880	1,261,653	1,310,880
Total expenses	27,442,949	25,650,867		11,809,505	11,160,030	39,252,454	36,810,897
Increase in net assets before transfers	1,211,458	1,734,308		598,597	1,070,250	1,810,055	2,804,558
Transfers	(267,850)	(19,668)		267,850	19,668		
Increase in net assets	943,608	1,714,640		866,447	1,089,918	1,810,055	2,804,558
Net assets - January 1, 2003	57,527,825	55,813,185		12,615,425	11,525,507	70,143,250	67,338,692
Net assets - December 31, 2004	\$ 58,471,433	\$ 57,527,828	\$	13,481,872 \$	12,615,425 \$	71,953,305	\$ 70,143,250

Property taxes were \$10,673,223 for the year, which was a 4.1% increase over the previous year.

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For the most part, the increase in net assets for governmental activities resulted from the County's efforts in expenditure restraint in the general fund and several of the special

revenue funds which showed operating expenditures less than budgeted and resulted in transfers of funds to the general fund. In addition, the Emergency Medical fund increased revenues due to upgrading staff to paramedic level and seeing an increase in ambulance calls.

Business-type Activities Business-type activities increased Lincoln County's net assets by \$866,447, accounting for 48 percent of the total growth in the government's net assets. Key elements of this increase area as follows:

- Net assets for PineCrest Nursing Home increased by \$447,633. Intergovernmental transfer payment revenue exceeded the amount budgeted by \$307,628.
- Net assets for Forestry increased by \$507,142. This was a result of timber sales exceeding budget expectations, a gain on a sale of land of \$64,938, and spending restraint.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Lincoln County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of Lincoln County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Lincoln County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, Lincoln County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,767,089, an increase of \$11,554 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 66 percent of this total amount, \$9,127,589 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) \$179,518 for prepaid items that benefit periods beyond the end of the current year, 2) \$92,481 for insurance deposits, 3) \$902,895 for non-liquid delinquent taxes, 4) \$486,683 for grant and program fees, 5) \$129,628 for jail assessment and 6)\$2,848,395 for contract commitments.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$7,541,419, while the total fund balance was \$11,654,095. Of the unreserved fund balance, \$2,771,839 has been designated by the County for the 2006 budget or for future capital improvement projects and \$4,469,419 has been designated for future cash flow. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the total unreserved fund balance, undesignated unreserved fund balance, and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total general fund unreserved fund balances represent 61% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 87% of that same amount.

The fund balance of Lincoln County's general fund increased by \$366,660 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase are as follows:

- Transfers were made from special revenue funds to the general fund in accordance with Chapter 3.07 of the Lincoln County Ordinance, which limited maximum unreserved fund balances in special revenue funds to 15 percent of expenditures. Transfers were as follows: Social Services \$446,544 and Health Department \$20,814 for a total of \$467,358.
- County investments outperformed the budget by \$218,466. This was due to the higher interest rates that were obtained in 2005 compared to previous years.
- Intergovernmental revenues fell short of anticipated amounts by \$155,710.

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The County Roads and Bridges Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$41,000 at December 31, 2005, a decrease of \$222,785 when compared to the previous year. \$181,785 of this decrease or 82 percent was due to budgeting funds applied from 2004. An additional \$73,735 was due to unanticipated bridge construction. The deficit balance will be covered by the 2006 budget which includes funds for a project that was done in 2005.

The Social Services fund has a total fund balance of \$676,260. Of this fund balance, \$608,960 is unreserved and \$67,300 is reserved for other restricted purposes. Unreserved fund balance represents 19 percent of total social services fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 21 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the Social Services fund decreased by \$279,853 during the current year. Key factors in this decrease are as follows:

- Transfer to the general fund per Lincoln County Ordinance 3.07 in the amount of \$446,544.
- Intergovernmental revenues exceeded budgeted amounts by \$202,585.

Developmental Disabilities fund has a total fund balance of \$340,337 at December 31, 2005. Of this fund balance, \$304,981 is unreserved and \$35,356 is reserved for prepaid items. Unreserved fund balance represents 7 percent of total developmental disabilities fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 8 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the Developmental Disabilities fund decreased by \$87,043 during the current year. Key factors in this decrease are as follows:

- Developmental Disabilities took on an increased client load with a higher level of care and consequently experienced an increase in expenditures.
- The original budget for 2005 included applying \$66,096 of fund balance.

Proprietary funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the business-type activities of the County's government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of PineCrest Nursing Home operations at the end of the year amounted to \$3,143,679, those of Solid Waste Landfill amounted to \$2,871,311, and those of Forestry amounted to \$1,171,634. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights.

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In the course of the year, the Finance and Insurance Committee and the County Board of Supervisors revised the budget several times. The budget amendments fell into three main categories. The first category included amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts that we estimated during the budget process in October 2005). The second category included several increases in appropriations to prevent budget overruns. The third included grants or purchases that were not anticipated and budgeted for originally. Other budget amendments were not made for variances in revenue lines unless it was for a grant.

During the year, the budget for expenditures was *increased* by \$623,423. Those amendments are briefly summarized below:

- \$538,616 The actual amount of grant and designated funds not spent down in 2004 exceeded the amount estimated as designated for non-lapsing appropriations when the budget was prepared.
- \$94,340 Multiple grants were anticipated but the amounts were not determinable.

Actual expenditures were \$1,018,132 *less* than the amended budget. Explanations not already provided elsewhere in this report are summarized below:

- \$187,062 Cost of upgrading and maintaining the computer network was less than anticipated.
- \$118,471 Cost of maintenance was less than anticipated.
- \$209,190 Land Records projects that have not been completed.
- \$92,738 Salary and fringe expenditures in the Sheriff's department were less than budgeted due to less overtime hours than anticipated.

On the revenue side, the original budget was *increased* by \$82,807 with budget amendments. Significant amendments are summarized as follows:

- \$22,125 Emergency Management received Homeland Security Grant. The amount could not be estimated at budget preparation.
- \$59,114 County received a Land Water Resource Management Planning Grant. This amount could not be estimated at budget time.

Actual revenues were \$141,079 greater than budgeted. Significant variances are as follows:

- Child Support intergovernmental revenue was \$42,751 less than expected.
- Interest revenue exceeded the budget by \$218,466.
- State shared revenue was \$56,203 less than budgeted.
- Forest Crop and Managed Forest Land revenue exceeded budget by \$57,405.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

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Capital assets. Lincoln County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2005, amounted to \$53,634,529 (net of accumulated depreciation) compared to \$52,788,218 in 2004. This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles, intangible assets, and work in progress. The net increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$846,310 or 1.6 percent.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Highway construction projects recorded in the County Roads and Bridges Fund completed during the year increased infrastructure by \$1,038,783 compared to \$1,400,568 in 2004.
- Highway construction and maintenance projects recorded as work in progress at yearend in the County Roads and Bridges Fund amounted to \$1,030,698.
- Completion of the County 911 project for \$747,588.

		L	incol (net o	n County's f accumulat	ed	apital Asse depreciation)	its)				
	G	overnmental Activities		ernmental ctivities		Business- Type Activities		iness-Type	Total		Total
的特殊的特殊。 第二章		2005		2004		2005		2004	2005		2004
Land	\$	470,625	\$	470,625	\$	2,530,477	\$	2,530,677	\$ 3,001,102	\$	3,001,302
Land improvements		282,959		238,419		1,896,720		2,217,730	2,179,679	•	2,456,149
Infrastructure		30,133,605	3	0,302,287		-			30,133,605		30,302,287
Buildings and improvements		3,724,201		4,058,149		3,976,200		4,143,829	7,700,401		8,201,978
Equipment and vehicles		5,755,700		4,416,713		1,034,636		941,965	6,790,336		5,358,678
Work in progress		3,829,406		3,467,824		-			3,829,406		3,467,824
Intangible assets					-			_	-		3,407,024
Total	\$	44,196,496	6 42	2,957,017	\$	9,438,033	\$	9,834,201	\$ 53,634,529	\$:	52,788,218

Additional information on Lincoln County's capital assets can be found in Note 6.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, Lincoln County had a total general obligation debt outstanding of \$6,244,876 which is a decrease of 361,763 or 5.5 percent. In 2004 the total general obligation debt outstanding was \$6,606,639. The decrease is made up of \$26,763 in payments for notes to the Wisconsin State Trust Fund, payments for \$335,000 for Lincoln County General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The County issued an advance refunding bond of \$2,145,000 dated July 15, 2005. The County projects a net present value savings of \$48,192 over the life of the refunding bonds. All of this debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the County. Lincoln County maintains a Moody's Rating of A2 for general obligation debt.

	Linc	oln County	s C	Outstanding	Long-Term	ОЫ	gations		
		vernmental Activities		vernmental Activities	Business- Type Activities		iness-Type	Total	
		2005		2004	2005		2004	2005	Total 2004
Bonds	\$	2,360,000	\$	2,400,000 \$	3,795,000	\$	4,090,000 \$	6,155,000	\$ 6,490,000
Notes		89,876		116,639	-			89,876	116,639
Total general obligation debt		2,449,876		2,516,639	3,795,000		4,090,000	6,244,876	6,606,639
Capital lease		25,618		12,116	-		_	25,618	12,116
Forestry loans		-		-	174,923		337,320	174,923	337,320
Compensated absences Total general long-term		1,324,304		1,233,762	342,948		342,575	1,667,252	1,576,337
obligations	\$	3,534,112	\$	3,762,517 \$	4,312,871	\$	4,769,895 \$	8,112,669	\$ 8,532,412

Wisconsin statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government entity may issue to 5 percent of its total equalized valuation. Lincoln County's available debt capacity is \$103,634,680, which is significantly in excess of Lincoln County's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on Lincoln County's long-term debt can be found in Note 7.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget Rates

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- The unemployment rate for Lincoln County in April 2006 was 6.4 percent as compared to 5.0 percent for the State of Wisconsin. The April 2006 rate for Lincoln County was lower than its April 2003 but slightly higher that the April 2004 rate.
- The general economic condition and outlook for the County is guarded with many employers not planning to hire additional employees or expand in the next year.
- Inflationary trends in our region compare favorably to national indices.

These factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2006 fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance in the general fund increased to \$10,389,814. Lincoln County has designated \$2,255,633, for capital improvement projects in future years. It is intended that this use of available fund balance will reduce the need to raise taxes or borrow to complete future capital projects.

Request for information

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This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Lincoln County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, Lincoln County, 1104 East First Street, Merrill, WI 54452.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS December 31, 2005

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,369,26	7 \$ 6,424,401	\$ 23,793,668
Receivables, net:			, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Property taxes	10,480,093	5 406,592	10,886,687
Tax certificates and deeds	1,166,787		1,166,787
Assessments	34,346	5	34,346
Accounts	703,197	1,439,956	
Loans	172,901		172,901
Due from other governments	1,199,419	14,266	1,213,685
Inventories, at cost	631,840		1,131,247
Prepaid expenses	179,418		225,202
Total current assets	31,937,270		40,767,676
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	92,481	2,688,816	2,781,297
Unamortized debt issue costs	43,231		
Capital assets:	13,231	·	43,231
Land and construction in progress	4,300,031	2 520 477	C 000 TOO
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		300 FT CO.	6,830,508
Total capital assets	39,896,465		46,804,021
Total noncurrent assets	44,196,496		53,634,529
	44,332,208		56,459,057
Total assets	76,269,478	20,957,255	97,226,733
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	1,261,636	327,250	1 500 007
Accrued expenses	670,253		1,588,886
Compensated absences payable	676,542	292,179	916,219
Accrued claims	660,594	272,179	968,721
Deposits and advances	747,298	239,011	660,594 986,309
Due to other governments	130,194	106,176	236,370
Current portion of long-term obligations	150,446	474,923	625,369
Unearned revenue	10,528,272	406,592	10,934,864
Total current liabilities	14,825,235	2,092,097	
Noncurrent liabilities:		2,092,097	16,917,332
Future closure payable		1 002 020	1 000 000
Compensated absences payable	647,762	1,893,020	1,893,020
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	2,325,048	50,769	698,531
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,439,497	5,764,545
Total liabilities	2,972,810	5,383,286	8,356,096
Total Habilities	17,798,045	7,475,383	25,273,428
NET ASSETS		N .	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	44,081,002	5,440,292	49,521,294
Restricted	708,792	854,956	
Unrestricted	13,681,639	7,186,624	-1,563,748
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 58,471,433	\$ 13,481,872	\$ 71,953,305
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2005

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		511111		Can	Califal	TACLIEX	Densel Ke	venue and char	11000	Not Accore
	Charges for	Grants and	pu	Grants and	s and	Governmental	ntal	vernmental Business-Type	a	
Expenses	Services	Contributions	ions	Contributions	outions	Activities	Sa	Activities		Total
\$ 4,604,490	\$ 320.669	\$	777 556	v		3			-	
	1 220 212		117,00	9	•		(4,000,044)		<u>م</u>	(4,050,544)
0,182,081	1,358,313	16	163,700		22,125	(4,6	(4,657,943)		,	(4,657,943)
4,793,220	2,141,827	8	968,557		26,108	(1,65	1,656,728)			(1 656 728)
10,028,727	1,080,985	7,18	7,189,652		,	(1.74	1 758 090)			(1.750,000
812,593	8.230		8 919			(1)	(705,444)			(1,758,090)
850 047	356 208	22	234 960		i.	S;	0,444			(795,444)
171.791	007,000	70	4,007		i.		(168,970)			(168,970)
010001					'		1/1,/91)		-	(171,791)
27,442,949	5,246,232	8,88	8,888,974		48,233	(13,25	(13,259,510)			(13,259,510)
9,611,306	9,659,274		1		ī			970 048	0	070 27
936.546	880.517	56	207 208		u 11			11,700	0 0	47,900
1 261 653	1 172 478	ì	2,700					7,179	6	236,179
1,000,000	1,1/2,4/0	201.00	1		1		1	(89,175)	(S)	(89,175)
11,809,505	11,712,269	29	292,208		1		'	194,972	2	194,972
\$ 39,252,454	\$ 16,958,501	\$ 9,18	9,181,182	69	48,233	(13,25	(13,259,510)	194,972	2	(13.064.538)
GENERAL REVENUES	VENUES									
I dyes.		19								
Property	Property taxes, levied for general purposes	eneral purposes	70			10,33	10,336,898	336,325	20	10,673,223
County sales tax	iles tax					1,54	1,541,447		,	1,541,447
Other tax	Other taxes and interest and penalties on taxes	I penalties on ta	axes			44	448,770		1	448,770
Grants and c	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	estricted to spea	cific pro	grams		1,29	1,297,449			1.297,449
Unrestricted	Unrestricted investment earnings	ıgs				74	745,596	2,362	6	747,958
Gain on sale of land	of land					6	94,752	64.938	~	159,690
Miscellaneous	IS						6,056	•	v	6.056
TRANSFERS					,	(50)	(267,850)	267,850	_	
Total general	Total general revenues and transfers	nsfers				14.203.118	3.118	671 475		14 874 503
					,			21,11		11,0/1,0/2
CHANGE IN NET	ET ASSETS					94.	943,608	866 447		1 810 055
NET ASSSETS - BEGINNING	BEGINNING					57,527,825	7,825	12,615,425		70.143.250
NET ASSETS - FUDING	CNIUNG					000	000			

Total governmental activities

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:

Nursing home

Forestry

Culture, recreation, and education

Health and human services

Public safety Public works Conservation and development

Interest on long-term debt

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:

Functions / Programs

General government

Total business-type activities

Solid waste landfill

TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2005

ASSETS		General		ounty Roads nd Bridges		Social Services		evelopmental <u>Disabilities</u>	G	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>	G	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,417,090	•		\$	741,176		252,020	•	005264		12 202 650
and the state of t	3	11,417,090	2		3	/41,1/0	2	352,020	2	885,364	5	13,395,650
Receivables, net:		6 662 575		2 100 170		576 171		22 120		1 000 041		10 400 005
Property taxes Tax certificates and deeds		6,663,575		2,108,170		576,171		33,138		1,099,041		10,480,095
		1,166,787		-		-		-		-		1,166,787
Assessments		34,346		-								34,346
Accounts		256,626		-		1,421		136,387		303,552		697,986
Loans				-		-		5		172,901		172,901
Due from other governments		199,919		-		193,110		267,885		68,340		729,254
Due from other funds		45,363		-		-		-		-		45,363
Prepaid items		143,743		-		-		35,356		319		179,418
Restricted assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	_	92,481		-	-		_		_		_	92,481
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	20,019,930	\$	2,108,170	\$	1,511,878	\$	824,786	\$	2,529,517	\$	26,994,281
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	319,511	\$	-	\$	193,733	\$	355,153	\$	58,037	\$	926,434
Accrued liabilities		379,556		-		42,160		43,781		29,102	1177	494,599
Deposits and advances		668,745				23,554		52,377		2,622		747,298
Due to other funds		-		41,000				-		285		41,285
Due to other governments		129,262		-				-		932		130,194
Deferred revenue	-	6,868,761	_	2,108,170	-	576,171		33,138		1,301,142		10,887,382
Total liabilities	_	8,365,835	_	2,149,170		835,618		484,449	_	1,392,120		13,227,192
Fund balances												
Reserved for:												
Prepaid items		143,743		-				35,356		319		179,418
Insurance deposits		92,481				1. S.				-		92,481
Delinquent property taxes		902,895		-		-				0.00		902,895
Grant and program fees		125,162		Ψ.		67,300		-		294,221		486,683
Jail assessment		320		-		-		72		129,628		129,628
Contract commitments		2,848,395		-		-		-		-		2,848,395
Unreserved, reported in:												
General fund		7,541,419				-		-		-		7,541,419
Special revenue funds		8 B		(41,000)		608,960		304,981		456,346		1,329,287
Debt service funds					_		_	-		256,883		256,883
Total fund balances	_	11,654,095	_	(41,000)	_	676,260	_	340,337		1,137,397		13,767,089
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	20,019,930	\$	2,108,170	\$	1,511,878	\$	824,786	<u>s</u>	2,529,517	\$	26,994,281

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LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS December 31, 2005

Total fund balances for governmental funds		· \$	13,767,089
Total net assets used in governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are			
not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:			
Land	\$ 435,085		
Construction in progress	3,799,048		
Land improvements, net of \$6,244 accumulated depreciation	69,988		
Buildings, net of \$6,359,012 accumulated depreciation	3,133,481		
Machinery and equipment, net of \$1,572,731 accumulated depreciation	1,459,644		
Infrastructure, net of \$16,660,561 accumulated depreciation	30,133,605		
Total capital assets			39,030,851
Internal consider four de consend builder Constant de			
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the cost of health insurance			
and County road work to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the			
internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Internal service fund's net assets are:			
Health insurance fund	2,971,350		
Highway fund	5,910,520		
Total internal service funds			8,881,870
Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities (current and long-term) are reported in the statement of net assets. Balances on 12/31/05 are: Accrued interest on notes Notes payable Capital lease payable Vacation payable Banked sick Vested sick leave Accrued sick Comp time Total long-term liabilities	(76,832) (2,449,876) (25,618) (522,894) (2,894) (241,134) (276,867) (14,828)		(3,610,943)
Debt issue costs are recorded as expenditures in the current period in governmental funds. Debt			
issue costs are recored as unamortized debt issue costs on the statement of net assets and are			
amortized over the life of the bond. Unamortized debt issue costs on 12/31/05 are:			43,231
On 12/31/05 deferred revenue was recorded in the governmental funds for citation revenue and loan receivable that was not considered a current financial resource, but is an economic resource. Consequently, this revenue is recognized.			
Citation revenue	186,434		
Loan receivable	172,901		
Total deferred revenue			359,335
Total net assets of governmental activities		\$	58,471,433

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended December 31, 2005

REVENUES	General	County Roads and Bridges	Social Services	Developmental <u>Disabilities</u>	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u> o	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Taxes	\$ 8,463,91	1 \$ 2,147,764	\$ 476,879	\$ 33,101	£ 1205460	6 10 227 115
Intergovernmental revenues					,,	\$ 12,327,115
Licenses and permits	2,241,593 145,640		2,924,307	3,550,861	561,475	10,234,656
Fines, forfeits, and penalties			32	-	33,401	179,047
	128,456		-		48,133	176,589
Public charges for service	661,403		51,797	648,715		2,365,818
Intergovernmental charges for service	55,564			-	277,074	332,638
Miscellaneous revenues	896,265		1,640	18	25,342	923,265
Total revenues	12,592,840	3,104,184	3,454,623	4,232,695	3,154,786	26,539,128
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	4,302,908	-		_		4,302,908
Public safety	4,564,619			-	1,301,036	5,865,655
Public works	38,245	3,326,969	-			3,365,214
Health and human services	938,408	3	3,287,932	4,286,268	1,390,969	9,903,577
Culture, recreation, and education	807,430) -		2.5.2.7.5.5	-	807,430
Conservation and development	845,892				979	846,871
Capital outlay	898,532			-	133,694	1,032,226
Debt service:					155,051	1,052,220
Principal				6	66,763	66,763
Interest and other charges		·	-		193,114	193,114
Total expenditures	12,396,034	3,326,969	3,287,932	4,286,268	3,086,555	26,383,758
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	196,806	(222,785)	166,691	(53,573)	68,231	155,370
OTHER FINANCING COURCES (HEES)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	467,358		17	*	187,158	654,516
Transfers out	(297,504	-	(446,544)	(33,470)	(20,814)	(798,332)
Total other financing sources and uses	169,854		(446,544)	(33,470)	166,344	(143,816)
Net change in fund balances	366,660	(222,785)	(279,853)	(87,043)	234,575	11,554
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	11,287,435	181,785	956,113	427,380	902,822	13,755,535
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 11,654,095	\$ (41,000)	\$ 676,260	\$ 340,337	\$ 1,137,397	\$ 13,767,089

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LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended December 31, 2005

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 11,554
The change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities		
is different because:		
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of		
activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation		
expense. Additionally, the sale of a capital asset is recorded as a revenue in the governmental		
fund. However on the accrual basis, a gain or loss must be recognized. The net changes are as		
follows:		
Capital outlay	\$ 2,948,419	
Depreciation expense	(1,712,597)	
Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense		1,235,822
Repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the		
repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		71,305
Bond issue costs are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, but are amortized over		
the life of the bond issue in the statement of net assets.		(2,914)
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the costs of health insurance		
and County road work to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds		
is reported with governmental activities as follows:		
Health insurance fund	(276,421)	
Highway fund	(32,053)	
Total internal service funds	(32,033)	(308,474)
Under the modified accordingly for the state of the state		
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds,		
expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with		
expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however,		
which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported		
regardless of when the financial resources are available. In addition, interest		
on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting		
until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment combines the net changes		
of the following balances: Accrued interest on notes		
Vacation	21,323	
Banked sick leave	(14,747)	
Vested sick leave	5,040	
Accrued sick	(19,822)	
Comp time	(59,349)	
Combined adjustment	1,700	
Combined adjustment		(65,855)
Revenue had accrued on 12/31/05 but was not available. Consequently this revenue		
was either deferred or not accrued in governemental funds, but is recorded as a receivable		
on the statement of net assets and recognized as revenue on the statement of activities.		
The net revenue consists of:		
Notes	(14,173)	
Citations	16,343	
Combined adjustment		2,170
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 943,608
		7 77,000

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2005

	Enterprise Funds					
	PineCrest Nursing Home	Solid Waste <u>Landfill</u>	Forestry	Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds	
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,409,909	\$ 2,442,962	\$ 1,571,530	\$ 6,424,401	\$ 3,973,617	
Receivables, net:						
Property taxes	406,592			406,592		
Accounts	1,295,209	78,848	65,899	1,439,956	30,064	
Due from other governments	## ### 1995	14,266	-	14,266	441,234	
Inventories, at cost	27,182	472,225	-	499,407	631,840	
Prepaid items	45,609	175		45,784	-	
Total current assets	4,184,501	3,008,476	1,637,429	8,830,406	5,076,755	
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents	14,791	2,674,025	-	2,688,816		
Capital assets:						
Land	13,833	84,605	2,432,039	2,530,477	35,540	
Improvements other than buildings	377,655	4,954,775	9,603	5,342,033	274,940	
Buildings	7,307,221	300,049	235,650	7,842,920	1,291,723	
Machinery and equipment	1,269,765	805,593	489,711	2,565,069	9,859,439	
Construction in progress	-				30,358	
Less accumulated depreciation and depletion	(4,450,193)	(3,916,740)	(475,533)	(8,842,466)	(6,326,355)	
Total capital assets	4,518,281	2,228,282	2,691,470	9,438,033	5,165,645	
Total noncurrent assets	4,533,072	4,902,307	2,691,470	12,126,849	5,165,645	
Total assets	8,717,573	7,910,783	4,328,899	20,957,255	10,242,400	
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	215,606	97,707	13,937	327,250	335,202	
Accrued expenses	220,467	7,462	18,037	245,966	98,822	
Compensated absences payable	244,507	15,024	32,648	292,179	135,925	
Accrued claims		-	- 1	200 2	660,594	
Due to other governments	-	#	106,176	106,176		
Deferred revenue	406,592	-		406,592	225	
Current maturities of long-term debt	300,000	*	174,923	474,923	-	
Deposits and advances	36,971		202,040	239,011		
Total current liabilities	1,424,143	120,193	547,761	2,092,097	1,230,768	
Noncurrent liabilities:						
General obligation bonds payable	3,439,497	2	짤 .	3,439,497		
Compensated absences payable	-,,	16,972	33,797	50,769	129,762	
Future closure payable	-	1,893,020		1,893,020	127,702	
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,439,497	1,909,992	33,797	5,383,286	129,762	
Total liabilities	4,863,640	2,030,185	581,558	7,475,383	1,360,530	
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	695,463	2,228,282	2 516 547	5 440 202	E 1/2/12	
Restricted	14,791	781,005	2,516,547	5,440,292	5,165,645	
Unrestricted	3,143,679	2,871,311	59,160 1,171,634	854,956 7,186,624	3,716,225	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 3,853,933	\$ 5,880,598	\$ 3,747,341	\$ 13,481,872	\$ 8,881,870	

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These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2005

	:	Governmental			
	PineCrest Nursing Home	Solid Waste <u>Landfill</u>	Forestry	<u>Total</u>	Activities - Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES					
Public charges for service	\$ 9,625,395	\$ 889,619	\$ 878,717	\$ 11,393,731	\$ -
Interdepartmental charges for service		702	1,800	2,502	7,245,822
Intergovernmental charges for service		165,352		165,352	2,116,766
Other	33,879	14,580		48,459	16,649
Total operating revenues	9,659,274	1,070,253	880,517	11,610,044	9,379,237
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Claims paid	-	-			3,817,671
Nursing services	4,268,057	2		4,268,057	
Other professional services	476,001			476,001	
General services	1,641,098	549,760	882,017	3,072,875	4,754,853
Administrative and fiscal services	2,416,893	-		2,416,893	715,788
Provider assessment tax	148,500	ž.	8	148,500	-
Provision for bad debts	21,572			21,572	
Future closing costs	-	219,297	-	219,297	
Depreciation and amortization	315,930	491,749	48,504	856,183	498,930
Total operating expenses	9,288,051	1,260,806	930,521	11,479,378	9,787,242
Operating income (loss)	371,223	(190,553)	(50,004)	130,666	(408,005)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Property taxes	336,325	-	-	336,325	-
Investment income	2,362	102,225	9	104,587	92,919
Rental income	-			-	50
Grant revenue	2	9	292,208	292,208	-
Interest expense	(201,903)			(201,903)	
Gain on sale of supplies	2		5.	-	
Gain on disposal of capital assets	(4,190)		64,938	60,748	6,562
Miscellaneous				N=	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	132,594	102,225	357,146	591,965	99,531
Income before transfers	503,817	(88,328)	307,142	722,631	(308,474)
Transfer in		20 2 20	200,000	200,000	-
Transfer out	(56,184)			(56,184)	
Change in net assets	447,633	(88,328)	507,142	866,447	(308,474)
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING	3,406,300	5,968,926	3,240,199	12,615,425	9,190,344
NET ASSETS - ENDING	\$ 3,853,933	\$ 5,880,598	\$ 3,747,341	\$ 13,481,872	\$ 8,881,870

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LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Enterprise Funds			Governmental						
		PineCrest		Solid Waste <u>Landfill</u>		Forestry		Total	Activities - Internal Service Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Receipts from patients and third party payers	\$	9,516,726	\$		\$		\$	9,516,726	\$ -	
Receipts from other County departments		-		702		1,800		2,502	7,245,822	2
Receipts from government and other parties for sales		-		1,130,958		905,957		2,036,915	1,965,805	5
Payments to employees for compensation and fringe benefits		(6,493,458)		(236,708)		(647,334)		(7,377,500)	(2,902,606	5)
Payments to vendors for goods and services		(2,481,130)		(244,084)		(192,718)		(2,917,932)	(6,481,037	7)
Other cash received		33,879	=	14,580	_		_	48,459		-
Net cash provided by operating activities		576,017	_	665,448	_	67,705	_	1,309,170	(172,016	5)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Grant revenue		-		-,		292,208		292,208		-
Transfer in				180		200,000		200,000	14	200
Transfer out		(56,184)		-				(56,184)		
Tax levy appropriations		336,325	=					336,325		-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital										
financing activities	-	280,141	=			492,208	_	772,349		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Purchase of capital assets		(86,460)		(265,244)		(69,781)		(421,485)	(737,007	7)
Proceeds from sale of assets		515				65,138		65,653	104,100	, e
Deposit to escrow account for advance refunding		(2,333,704)				-		(2,333,704)		-
Deferred financing costs		(46,208)				-		(46,208)	(480,983	3)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		2,145,000				-		2,145,000		-
Interest premium on long-term debt		236,764				-		236,764	; -	-
Principal payments on long-term debt		(295,000)		-		(162,398)		(457,398)	151,924	Į
Interest paid on long-term debt		(200,317)	-		-	•	-	(200,317)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(579,410)		(265,244)		(167,041)		(1,011,695)	(961,966	5)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES										
Investment income received		2,362	-	62,806	-	-	_	65,168	78,433	1
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		279,110		463,010		392,872		1,134,992	(1,055,549))
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		2,145,590	_	4,653,977	-	1,178,658	_	7,978,225	4,548,183	3
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$	2,424,700	\$	5,116,987	\$	1,571,530	\$	9,113,217	\$ 3,492,634	-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CONSIST OF:										
Unrestricted	\$	2,409,909	•	2 442 062	•	1 571 520	•	6 424 401	6 2.402.624	
	2		3		Ф	1,571,530	2	6,424,401	\$ 3,492,634)
Restricted	-	14,791	-	2,674,025	-			2,688,816		
	\$	2,424,700	\$	5,116,987	\$	1,571,530	\$	9,113,217	\$ 3,492,634	L

LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Enterprise Funds				Governmental		
	-	ineCrest sing Home		olid Waste Landfill	Forestry	<u>Total</u>	Activities - Internal Service Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET							
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Operating income (loss)	\$	371,223	\$	(190,553) \$	(50,004)	\$ 130,666	\$ (408,005)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash							
provided by operating activities:							
Amortization of investment premium		-		35,709		35,709	
Depreciation and amortization		315,930		456,040	48,504	820,474	498,930
Future closing costs		2		219,297	9	219,297	S#0.
Change in assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable		(178,934)		74,171	(28,071)	(132,834)	14,494
Due from other governments		-		1,816	55,311	57,127	(182,104)
Deferred debits		-				-	-
Inventories		1,926				1,926	4,881
Prepaid items		4,292				4,292	1,330
Accounts payable		(33,804)		67,752	(23,345)	10,603	(242,420)
Due to other governments		-			(20,947)	(20,947)	
Accrued expenses		15,587		(3,013)	(4,960)	7,614	(46,693)
Deferred revenue		70,265		-	107.0	70,265	(688)
Compensated absences payable		5,780		4,229	(9,636)	373	3,364
Deposits and advances		3,752			100,853	104,605	
Claims payable	-	-	-		-		184,895
Total adjustments		204,794		856,001	117,709	1,178,504	235,989
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	576,017	\$	665,448 \$	67,705	\$ 1,309,170	\$ (172,016)

LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2005

	Age	ency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,555
Accounts receivable		186,434
Total assets	\$	206,989
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		4,754
Deposits and advances		11,723
Due other governments		186,434
Due to other funds		4,078
Total liabilities	\$	206,989

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Lincoln County, Wisconsin, have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the County are described below:

REPORTING ENTITY

Lincoln County was incorporated under the laws of the State of Wisconsin and is governed by an elected 22-member board. The County provides a full range of services, including public safety, public works, health and human services, conservation, culture, recreation, education, and general administrative services. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County government and all associated departments. The County has evaluated the following criteria in defining the reporting entity:

- Selection of government authority
- Designation of management
- Ability to significantly influence operations
- Accountability for fiscal matters
- Scope of public service
- Financial relationships

Based on these criteria, no additional component units were determined to be reportable.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole except for fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the statements of fiduciary net assets. The statements of net assets and activities distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are primarily financed by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a specific function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements

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Financial statements of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or meets the following criteria:

• Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditure/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category type, and

• The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10 percent test is at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

• In addition, any other governmental or proprietary fund that the County believes is particularly important to the financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

County Roads and Bridges Fund - Accounts for State transportation aid received by the County and all maintenance and construction for highways and bridges provided by the Highway Department to the County.

Social Services Fund - Evaluates eligibility for and administers a variety of social service and financial support programs (Federal, State, and local) to persons within the County and makes appropriate referrals to other service providers. These services are provided to meet the basic economic needs of dependent persons, alleviate dependency, enhance family functioning, assess/provide services to children and adults in need of protection, and to coordinate supportive care of elderly and disabled persons.

Developmental Disabilities Fund - Administers and accounts for a variety of Federal, State, and local programs for developmentally disabled individuals to promote health, welfare, and quality of life.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

Pine Crest Nursing Home Fund - Provides a full range of nursing care in a residential facility.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Solid Waste Landfill Fund - Provides Lincoln County residents, businesses, and institutions with a solid waste disposal facility, a recycling drop-off facility, construction and demolition site, clean wood/brush disposal area, and fuel contaminated soil treatment capabilities.

Forestry Fund - Manages the natural resources of the County Forest on a sustainable basis, accounts for timber sales, administers trail maintenance aid programs, and provides and maintains recreational opportunities, including parks, within the County.

In addition, the County reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds - Internal Service Funds account for financing of goods and services provided by one department to other departments of the County or to other governmental units on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County accounts for it's highway department and health insurance in internal service funds.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred revenue. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The business-type activities have elected to follow all pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The business-type activities follow Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. However, the activity from interfund services provided and used between functions is not eliminated in the statement of activities. To do so would misstate both the expenses of the purchasing function and the program revenues of the selling function.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Governmental funds are presented using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. With this measurement focus, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual or when measurable and available. Those revenues susceptible to modified accrual are as follows:

Property tax collections made during the year;

• Sales tax collected and held by the State of Wisconsin at year-end on behalf of the County:

Other revenues receivable at year-end if actually collected during the first sixty days after year-end.

State general and categorical aids and other entitlements are recognized as revenue at the time of receipt or earlier if the "susceptible to accrual" criteria are met. Expenditure-driven programs currently reimbursable are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred. Aids received prior to meeting revenue recognition criteria are recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Employee services and payroll-related costs (employee health, life, disability insurance, FICA, Wisconsin Retirement System contributions, annuities) other than compensated absences, termination, and other post-employment benefits are recognized in the fiscal period when incurred. The cost of capital items is recorded as an expenditure when acquired. Interest cost on temporary borrowing is recognized as an expenditure of the fiscal period incurred.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues for the County's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied prior to December 31 and are due and collectible in the following year. The 2005 tax levy is recorded as receivable with offsetting deferred revenue at December 31, 2005; it will be recognized as revenue in 2006 when used to finance the County's services.

The County is responsible to collect the second installment of current property taxes and all delinquent property taxes levied by local taxing districts within its boundaries, except delinquent personal property taxes which may either be turned over to the County for collection or retained by the local municipal district. Delinquent taxes returned to the County for collection are accounted for in the general fund. As provided in Wisconsin Statutes, the County has purchased the equity in delinquent property taxes from all taxing districts, including the state. These purchased taxes are recorded as tax certificates and deeds and reserved fund balance of the County's general fund.

The property tax calendar for the 2005 tax roll follows:

Lien date and date levy	December 2005
Tax bills mailed	December 2005
Real estate taxes first installment due	January 31, 2006
Personal property taxes due in full	January 31, 2006
Real estate taxes second installment due	July 31, 2006
Tax deed	December 2008

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents are combined on the balance sheet. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Cash equivalents are stated at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties other than in a forced or liquidation sale. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less (including restricted assets) are considered to be cash equivalents.

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The current portion of lending/borrowing arrangements between funds is identified as "due to/from other funds". The non-current portion of outstanding balances between funds is reported as "advances to/from other funds". Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

INVENTORIES

Inventories are recorded at cost, which approximates market, using the moving average cost basis. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure or as an expense at the time individual inventory items are consumed rather than when purchased.

PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made to vendors that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current calendar year are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items of governmental fund types are offset by fund balance reserve accounts to indicate that they do not represent available spendable financial resources.

CAPITAL ASSETS

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Capital assets are recorded at cost, when available, or estimated historical cost, when historical records could not be obtained. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. The County capitalizes all land and work in progress as well as assets with an initial cost of more than the following:

Type of Asset	Amount
Land improvements	\$ 25,000
Infrastructure (per subsystem)	250,000
Buildings and improvements	50,000
Equipment and vehicles	2,000-5,000
Intangible assets	5,000

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net assets. Depreciation has been charged over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Type of Asset	Life in <u>Years</u>
Land improvements	25
Infrastructure	10 - 50
Buildings and improvements	10 - 25
Equipment and vehicles	3 - 15
Intangible assets	3

Capital assets used in the governmental funds type operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when the County receives resources before it has a legal claim to them as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the County has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The County records compensated absences pursuant to GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*. All vested vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

In governmental funds, compensated absences (unpaid vacation and sick leave) for governmental fund employees are recorded as expenditures in the year paid, as it is the County's policy to liquidate any unpaid vacation or sick leave at year end from future resources rather than currently available expendable resources. Accordingly, the entire unpaid liability for compensated absences for the governmental funds is not recorded in the fund.

Unpaid compensated absences for the proprietary funds are recorded as an expense and a liability in those funds as the vacation and sick leave benefits accrue to the employees.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds and notes payable.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The County records governmental fund long-term debt at face value as an other financing source and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. Debt discount and issuance costs are recorded as an expenditure of the fund receiving the proceeds. As required by state statutes, premium and accrued interest received as part of the proceeds are recorded in the Debt Service Fund. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transactions that would be treated as revenues, expenditures, or expenses if they involved organizations external to the County are similarly treated when involving other funds of the County. Reimbursements from one fund to another are treated as expenditures or expenses of the reimbursing fund and a reduction of expenditures or expenses of the reimbursed fund. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

NET ASSETS

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets (net of related debt) consist of capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the County, or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE RESERVES

The County reserves those portions of governmental fund balance which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources. Fund balance reserves have been established for prepaid items, deposits, delinquent property taxes, and grants.

BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The County follows these procedures in establishing the annual budget:

- County management submits to the County Board a proposed operating budget for the calendar
 year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed
 expenditures and the means of financing them. After submission to the governing body, public
 hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed
 budget, including authorized additions and deletions, is legally enacted by the County Board
 action.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the
 governmental funds, except for the application of the prior year fund balance. Budget is
 defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Individual
 amendments throughout the year were not material in relation to the original budget. Budget
 appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the
 governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the governmental funds. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations provided in detailed budget accounts maintained for each functional area of the County. Amendments to the budget during the year require initial approval by management and are subsequently authorized by the County Board.
- Encumbrance accounting is not used to record commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The County maintains various cash and investment accounts, including pooled funds that are available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of these accounts is displayed in the basic financial statements as "cash and cash equivalents".

Investment of County funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank, trust company, or savings and loan association.
- Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, VTAE district, village, town, or school district of the state.
- Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the Federal government.
- The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool.
- Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Repurchase agreements with public depositories, if the agreement is secured by federal bonds or securities.
- Securities of open-end management investment companies or investment trusts (mutual funds) if the portfolio is limited to (a) bonds and securities issued by the federal government or a commission, board, or other instrumentality of the federal government, (b) bonds that are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the federal government or a commission, board or other instrumentality of the federal government, and (c) repurchase agreements that are fully collateralized by these bonds or securities.

The carrying amount of the County's cash and cash equivalents totaled \$26,595,520 on December 31, 2005, as summarized below:

Petty cash funds Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 1,920 12,433,552
Investments: Wisconsin local government investment pool	
Landfill long-term care trust – US Treasury securities	8,257,135 2,674,025
Health Insurance Trust Fund – US Treasury securities Insurance deposits – held by insurance company	3,136,407 92,481
	\$ 26,595,520
Presented in the Statement of Net Assets as follows:	
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Fiduciary Fund cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,793,668 2,781,297 20,555
	\$ 26,595,520

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County has a formal policy addressing this type of deposit risk.

At year-end, the bank balance of the County's deposits was \$12,433,552. Of the bank balance, \$544,535 was covered by Federal Depository and National Credit Union Association Insurance and \$11,279,995 was collateralized by bank security agreements. Of The remaining \$609,022, \$209,022 was uninsured and uncollateralized, and the remaining \$400,000 of uninsured and uncollateralized deposits was covered by the Wisconsin Deposit Guarantee Fund. However, although the Wisconsin Deposit Guarantee Fund had reserves available at December 31, 2005, the future availability of resources to cover the losses cannot be projected because provisions of the 1985 Wisconsin Act 25 provided that the amount in the fund will be used to repay public depositors for losses until the appropriation is exhausted, at which time the fund is abolished.

Investments

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the County will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County has a formal policy addressing this type of investment risk.

The Local Government Investment Pool is part of the Wisconsin State Investment Fund. The Investment Fund is administered by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board and includes investments made from the excess cash of the State's operating funds, the State's public investments made from the excess cash of the State's operating funds, the State's public retirement funds and the voluntary deposits made by participants of the Local Government Investment Pool.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that, an issuer of other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the County. The County has a formal policy addressing this type of investment risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that, changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As of December 31, 2005 the County had the following investments and maturities:

Type of Investment	Fair Value	Average Maturities			
U.S. Government securities	\$ 5,810,432	1 to 2.5 years			

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is a State of Wisconsin run and operated investment fund. Governmental entities including counties, municipalities and school districts may deposit money in the LGIP, which holds investments in U.S. Government securities, certificate of deposits, commercial papers, corporate notes and repurchase agreements. Participants in the fund may withdraw or add to their account balances at par at any time. The fair value of this fund is different from the accounting basis that is reflected in the monthly statements sent to participants. To translate participant's holdings to a fair value amount, a conversion factor must be applied to the County's account balance. The State Investment Fund publishes this conversion factor monthly and as of December 31, 2005, the factor was 99.9956%. As of December 31, 2005, the carrying amount of these investments was \$7,739,424 and the fair value was \$7,739,083. The annualized interest rate on the LGIP was 4.06% for the month of December 2005.

NOTE 3 - RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets on December 31, 2005, totaled \$2,781,297 consisting of cash and investments as follows:

General fund
Insurance deposits
Enterprise fund
Solid waste landfill
Long-term care deposits
Pine Crest Nursing Home
Donation and special fund

\$ 92,481

2,674,025

\$2,781,297

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES AND DEFERRED REVENUE

Receivables at year-end for the County's individual major, nonmajor, and internal service funds in aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts as follows:

	General	County Roads and Bridges	Social Services	Development al Disabilities	PineCrest Nursing Home	Solid Waste Landfill	Forestry	Nonmajor and Internal Service Funds	Total
Receivables									
Property taxes	\$6,663,575	\$2,108,170	\$576,171	\$ 33,138	\$406,592	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,099,041	\$10,886,687
Tax									Contract Confidence of Confide
certificates,									
deeds, and	1,201,133		~	-	-	-	-		1,201,133
assessments									-,,
Accounts	70,192	-	1,421	136,387	1,340,209	78,848	65,899	347,497	2,040,453
Loans	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	172,901	172,901
Due from									
other	199,919		193,110	267,885		_14,266		68,340	743,520
governments									
Gross	8,134,819	2,108,170	770,702	437,410	1,746,801	93,114	65,899	1,687,779	15,044,694
receivables									
Less allowance									
for									
uncollectibles					(45,000)			(43,945)	(88,945)
Net total									
receivables	\$ 8,134,819	\$ 2,108,170	\$770,702	\$ 437,410	\$1,701,801	\$93,114	\$ 65,899	\$ 1,643,834	\$ 14,955,749

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES AND DEFERRED REVENUE (CONTINUED)

Delinquent property taxes of the general fund represent unpaid property taxes on real estate, including state and local government equities therein. Under state statutes, the County annually reimburses the state and local governments for their equities in property taxes not collected from the property owner. Unless redeemed by the property owner, the County will eventually obtain tax deed ownership of the properties comprising delinquent taxes. In the past, the County has generally been able to recover its investment in delinquent taxes by sale of the tax-deeded properties.

On December 31, 2005, the County's general fund showed an investment of \$1,166,787 in delinquent taxes as follows:

Tax certificates Tax deeds	\$1,155,678 11,109
Total	\$1,166,787

An aging of the delinquent tax certificate taxes of \$1,155,678 on December 31, 2005, follows:

Year Acquired

Prior to 2001	\$	25,716
2001	Ψ	5,106
2002		10,660
2003		31,994
2004		335,019
2005		747,183
	<u>\$1</u>	,155,678

Of the total of \$1,155,678 for delinquent tax certificate taxes, \$263,892 was collected by the County within 90 days after December 31, 2005. The remaining unpaid balance of \$891,786 and tax deeds of \$11,109 are recorded as reserved fund balance of \$902,895 for the general fund.

The County reports deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. The County also defers revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue reported in the statement of net assets were as follows:

	Unavailable	<u>Unearned</u>	Total
Property taxes Loans Citations State and Federal grant advances Other	\$ - 172,901 186,434 -	\$10,886,687 	\$10,886,687 172,901 186,434 44,516 3,661
Total deferred/unearned revenue	\$ 359,335	\$10,934,864	<u>\$11,294,199</u>

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

At December 31, 2005, interfund receivables and payables were as follows:

	Re Fre	Payable To Other <u>Funds</u>		
General Fund Special Revenue Fund:	\$	45,363	\$	
County Roads and Bridges Emergency Medical Fiduciary Fund:		-		41,000 285
Employee Benefit Cafeteria Plan		=		4,078
	\$	45,363	\$	45,363

The General Fund's receivable from other funds represents \$41,000 from the County Roads and Bridges Fund, \$285 from the Emergency Medical Fund and \$4,078 from the Employee Benefit Cafeteria Plan Fiduciary Fund for operational cash flow purposes.

Transfers were made in the primary government as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Tr	ansfer In	Tra	ansfer Out	Net Transfers		
General Fund Social Services Developmental Disabilities Emergency Medical	\$	467,358 - 97,504	\$	297,504 446,544 33,470	\$	169,854 (446,544) (33,470) 97,504	
Health Debt Service		89,654		20,814		(20,814) 89,654	
PineCrest Nursing Home Forestry		200,000	-	56,184		(56,184) 200,000	
Total	\$	854,516	\$	854,516	\$	_	

Interfund transfers from various funds to the General Fund are primarily performed to comply with Chapter 3.07 Lincoln County Code limiting fund balances. Transfers in to other funds were performed to pay debt out of the Debt Service Fund from the Developmental Disabilities Fund and Pine Crest Nursing Home, to apply designated capital improvement funds from the General Fund to the Forestry Fund and Emergency Medical Fund.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets were as follows:

	Balance <u>1-1-05</u>	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12-31-05
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:		_		
Land	\$ 470,625	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 470,625
Construction in progress	3,467,824	1,030,698	669,116	3,829,406
Total capital assets not depreciated Capital assets being depreciated:	3,938,449	1,030,698	669,116	4,300,031
Land improvements	298,607	52,565	-	351,172
Infrastructure	46,365,676	1,038,783	610,293	46,794,166
Buildings and improvements	10,784,216	-	-	10,784,216
Equipment and vehicles	11,532,566	2,286,679	927,431	12,891,814
Intangible assets	103,583		6,308	97,275
Total capital assets depreciated Less accumulated depreciation:	69,084,648	3,378,027	1,544,032	70,918,643
Land improvements	60,188	8,025	_	68,213
Infrastructure	16,063,389	1,207,465	610,293	16,660,561
Buildings and improvements	6,726,067	333,948	010,233	7,060,015
Equipment and vehicles	7,115,853	796,601	776,340	7,136,114
Intangible assets	103,583		6,308	97,275
Total accumulated depreciation	_30,069,080	2,346,039	1,392,941	31,022,178
Total capital assets depreciated, net	39,015,568	1,031,988	151,091	39,896,465
Total governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 42,954,017	\$ 2,062,686	\$ 820,207	\$ 44,196,496
Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,530,677	\$ -	\$ 200	\$ 2,530,477
Capital assets being depreciated:		-	200	<u> </u>
Land improvements	5,264,906	77,127		5,342,033
Buildings and improvements	7,773,277	69,644	_	7,842,921
Equipment and vehicles	2,345,701	274,713	55,346	2,565,068
Total capital assets depreciated Less accumulated depreciation:	15,383,884	421,484	55,346	15,750,022
Land improvements	3,047,176	398,137		3,445,313
Buildings and improvements	3,629,447	237,274		3,866,721
Equipment and vehicles	1,403,737	177,336	50,641	1,530,432
Total accumulated depreciation	8,080,360	812,747	50,641	8,842,466
Total capital assets depreciated, net	7,303,524	(391,263)	4,705	6,907,556
Total business-type capital assets, net	\$ 9,834,201	\$ (391,263)	\$ 4,905	\$ 9,438,033

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 241,782
Public safety	174,805
Public works	1,840,908
Health and human services	81,645
Culture, Recreation, and Education	3499
Conservation and development	3,400
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$2,346,039</u>
Business-type activities	
Nursing home	\$ 308,204
Forestry	48,503
Solid Waste Landfill	456,040
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 812,747

The County has active construction projects as of December 31, 2005. The projects include street construction in areas with newly developed housing and the widening and construction of existing streets and bridges. At year-end, the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Spent-to-Date	Commitment			
Residential street construction Bridge and approach expansion Equipment set up	\$2,718,550 1,080,499 	\$1,988,632 815,763 44,000			
Total	\$3,829,407	\$2,848,395			

The contract commitment will be financed by the 2006 budget of the County Roads and Bridges fund.

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

All general obligations bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The County's, general long-term obligations are as follows:

General Obligation Debt Bonds Notes	Balance <u>1-1-05</u> \$ 2,400,000 <u>116,639</u>	Additions \$ -	\$ 40,000 26,763	Balance 12-31-05 \$ 2,360,000 89,876	Amount Due in One Year \$ 115,000
Total general obligation debt	2,516,639		66,763	2,449,876	143,302
Capital lease Compensated absences	12,167 	17,994 689,385	4,543 598,842	25,618 _1,324,304	7,144 676,542
Total long-term obligations - Governmental activities	\$ 3,762,567	\$ 707,379	\$ 670,148	\$ 3,799,798	\$ 826,988
General Obligation Debt	Balance <u>1-1-05</u>	Additions	Retirements	Balance 12-31-05	Amount Due in One Year
Bonds Less unamortized refunding	\$ 4,090,000	\$ 2,145,000	\$ 2,440,000	\$ 3,795,000	\$ 300,000
loss Forestry loans Compensated absences	(67,997) 337,320 342,576	(24,008) - 576,407	(36,502) 162,397 576,035	(55,503) 174,923 342,948	174,923
Total long-term obligations Business-type activities	<u>\$ 4,257,368</u>	\$ 767,102			
Detail of the above outstanding gen	eral obligation	ons debt follo	ows:		
Bonds: \$5,310,000 issued April 1, 200	0; \$499,000 1	to \$504,000 d	due annually	through	
2,400,000 issued March 15, 2	to 4.5%.				\$1,660,000
2020; interest 2.2% 2,145,000 issued July 15, 200	5 to 5.23% 5; \$10,000 d	ue in 2005 a	nd \$385,000	to	2,360,000
\$445,000 due annu to 3.7%	ally from 201	1 through 20	015; interest	3.45%	_2,135,000
Notes:					6,155,000
225,000issued October 14, 1998 through 2008; inter	8; \$21,401 to est at 5.75%.	\$31,645 due	annually		89,876
					\$6,244,876

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

During 2005, Lincoln County issued \$2,145,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments related to the 2000 General Obligation Bonds maturing in December 2015. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the statement of net assets. The advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments through December 2015 by \$63,004 and resulted in an estimated economic gain of \$48,192. The amount placed in escrow exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$188,704. This amount was combined with a pro rata amount of unamortized issuance costs relative to the old debt, resulting in a deferred loss on refunding of \$214,564. The deferred loss, together with reoffering premium and debt issuance costs amounting to a net of \$24,008 are being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt.

Annual principal and interest maturities of the outstanding general obligation debt on December 31, 2005, are allocated to activities as detailed below:

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total				
<u>Due</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>rincipal</u>	Ī	Interest	<u>P</u>	rincipal]	Interest	<u>P</u>	rincipal]	nterest
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011-2015 2016-2020	\$	143,302 149,929 156,645 130,000 135,000 760,000 975,000	\$	113,226 108,725 103,385 97,160 92,312 366,552 158,670	\$	300,000 315,000 330,000 350,000 365,000 2,135,000	\$	198,961 183,811 167,746 150,751 132,551 320,187	\$	443,302 464,929 486,645 480,000 500,000 2,895,000 975,000	\$	312,187 292,536 271,131 247,911 224,863 686,739 158,670
Total	\$2	,449,876	<u>\$1</u>	,040,030	\$3	3,795,000	\$1	,154,007	\$6	,244,876	\$2	2,194,037

Pursuant to Section 67.03 Wisconsin Statutes, the total indebtedness of the County for general purposes may not exceed 5% of the value of the taxable property located therein for state purposes.

Equalized value Legal debt margin percentage		\$ 2	,072,693,600
Legal debt limit Outstanding general obligation debt Less amount available in debt service	\$ 6,244,876 (256,883)		103,634,680 5,987,993
Legal debt margin		\$	97,646,687

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The County has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a postage machine and copy machine. These lease agreements qualify as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through a capital lease are recorded in the Governmental Activities accounts with an original cost of \$38,632 and \$24,137 of accumulated depreciation at December 31, 2005.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2005, were as follows:

Year Ending December 31		ernmental ctivities
2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 Total minimum lease payments Less amount representing interest	\$	8,435 8,435 4,562 4,211 3,157 28,800 (3,182)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	25,618

Other long-term debt consists of compensated absences. Compensated absence expenses follow employee payroll expenses, which are expensed to the appropriate funds as incurred. Forestry loans are repaid based on a percentage of annual timber and land sales. Future minimum payments by year are not determinable.

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

All eligible Lincoln County employees participate in the Wisconsin Retirement System (System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS). All permanent employees expected to work over 600 hours a year are eligible to participate in the WRS. Covered employees in the General category are required by statute to contribute 5.8 percent of their salary (2.8 percent for Executive and Elected Officials, 4.9 percent for Protective Occupations with Social Security, and 3.3 percent for Protective Occupations without Social Security) to the plan. Employers may make these contributions to the plan on behalf of employees. Employers are required to contribute an actuarially determined amount necessary to fund the remaining projected cost of future benefits.

NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

The payroll for Lincoln County employees covered by the System for the year ended December 31, 2005, was \$13,911,162; the employer's total payroll was \$14,643,906. The total required contribution for the year ended December 31, 2005, was \$1,457,236, which consisted of \$668,291 or 4.8 percent of payroll from the employer and \$788,945, or 5.7 percent of payroll from employees. Total contributions for years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003, were \$1,322,309 and \$1,235,518, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Employees who retire at or after the age 65 (62 for elected officials and 54 for protective occupation employees with less than 25 years of service, 53 for protective occupation employees with more than 25 years of service) are entitled to receive a retirement benefit. Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive actuarially reduced benefits. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of credible service, and (3) a formula factor. Final average earnings is the average of the employee's three highest years earnings. Employees terminating covered employment before becoming eligible for retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and, by doing so, forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefit. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, are immediately vested.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees. Eligibility for and the amount of all benefits is determined under Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The WRS issues an annual financial report, which may be obtained by writing to the Department of Employee Trust Funds, P.O. Box 7931, Madison, Wisconsin 53707-7931.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Health Insurance

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; natural disasters, and employee health claims.

The County operates a self-insurance program administered by a third party administrator for employee health care benefits. The program is supplemented by stop loss protection, which limits the County's liability to \$80,000 per individual claim or an aggregate limit of \$4,086,340 during the period of January 1, 2005 to December 31, 2005.

The provision for current year claims includes paid and unpaid claims and expenses associated with settling claims, including legal fees. The claims liability at year-end is based on claims, adjusters' evaluations of individual claims, and management's evaluation with respect to the probable number and nature of claims arising from losses that have been incurred, but have not yet been reported. The liability represents the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, including the effects of inflation and other societal economic factors. Any adjustments resulting from the settlement of losses will be reflected in earnings at the time the adjustments are determined.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

An analysis of claim activities is presented below:

	J	Claims Liability at anuary 1	Provision Current Year <u>Claims</u>	Claims <u>Paid</u>	L	Claims iability at ember 31
2005 2004	\$	719,535 618,252	\$ 3,817,671 2,859,773	\$ 3,629,012 2,758,490	\$	908,194 719,535

Liability Insurance

Lincoln County participates with other counties in the Wisconsin County Mutual Insurance Corporation. This joint venture began operation January 1, 1988, and provides liability insurance coverage to the counties. The creation of the mutual insurance corporation required the establishment of capital reserves. Each participating county deposited a portion of the required reserves. Lincoln County's share of the capital reserves is \$92,481. These deposits have been reported in the financial statements as restricted deposits.

The governing body of the mutual insurance corporation is made up of twelve directors elected by the participating counties. The governing body has authority to adopt its own budget and control the financial affairs of the corporation. Financial information as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, is not available for presentation.

NOTE 10 - TRI-COUNTY HUMAN SERVICES BOARD

Lincoln County is a participating member of a Tri-County Human Services Board along with Marathon and Langlade Counties. The Board is funded through State grant-in-aid, federal grants, fees for services rendered, and County appropriations. The net appropriation for 2005 was \$10,629,479 with Lincoln County's share totaling \$510,810 (4.8%). Operations of the Tri-County Human Services Board are not reflected in the financial statements of Lincoln County.

The following audited summary financial information for North Central Health Care Tri-County facilities is as of December 31, 2005, and for the year then ended.

Assets	\$ 26,695,588
Liabilities	7,482,926
Equity	19,212,662
Revenues	61,542,632
Expenses	63,268,052
Non-operating gain	407,503
Change in net assets	(1,571,008)

Lincoln County's share of assets, liabilities, equity, and changes in cash flows therein during the year has not been determined. Audited financial statements of the North Central Health Care Tri-County facilities are available at its administrative office at 1100 Lake Shore Drive, Wausau, Wisconsin 54401.

NOTE 11 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations require that Lincoln County place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites only for forty years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and postclosure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The recognition of these landfill closure and postclosure care costs is based on the amount of the landfill used during the year. At December 31, 2005, the County has utilized approximately 48.7% of its landfill's capacity, a net increase of 5.3% compared to December 31, 2004. The landfill is estimated to be fully utilized in 2018.

The estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care costs and total future estimated costs as of December 31, 2005, is as follows:

Total estimated costs for construction, closure, and postclosure care

\$ 3,887,104

Estimated costs expensed through December 31, 2005

(1,893,020)

Estimated costs of construction, closure, and postclosure care to be recognized in future years

\$ 1,994,084

The estimated total current cost of the landfill construction, closure, and postclosure care of \$3,887,104 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of December 31, 2005. However, the actual cost of closure and postclosure care may be significantly different due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations. With respect to the sanitary landfill, Lincoln County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to finance closure and postclosure care. The County is in compliance with these requirements, and at December 31, 2005, investments of \$2,674,025 are held for these purposes. These investments are held and managed by the County and are presented on the County's balance sheet as "Restricted Assets". It is anticipated that future inflation costs will be financed in part from earnings on investments. The remaining portion of anticipated future inflation costs (including inadequate earnings on investments, if any) and additional costs that might arise from changes in postclosure requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example) may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users, taxpayers, or both.

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of management and the Corporation Counsel that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse affect on the financial condition of the County.

NOTE 13 - FUND EQUITY / NET ASSETS

Unreserved - designated fund balances

Unreserved fund balances were designated to show the portion segregated from the unreserved spendable (undesignated) resources as follows:

Decimal and the second of the		General	Socia Service		Develop <u>Disabi</u>		Other Non-maj <u>Funds</u>		
Designated as carryover in 2006 budge		10 (00	Φ.		Φ.		•		
Workplace Planning	\$	10,690	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Maintenance – plow truck and tractor		16,615		-		-		5 -	
Office Relocation		17,887		-		-		-	
Courthouse Painting		9,718		-		-		-	
Office Work Station		1,343		-		-		-	
Digital Orthos		14,728		-		-		-	
Parcel Mapping		100,687		-		-		-	
Parcel mapping		11,075		9.50		-		-	
UW – pest application		330		-		-		-	
Veterans Fuel Assistance		2,000		-		-		-	
Land conservation - tree planter		4,396		~		-		-	
Zoning – Web Page		9,886		-		-		-	
Zoning – data conversion		3,647		-		-		-	
Zoning – rural addressing		386		-		-			
Zoning - density allotment		10,000		-		-		-	
Sheriff – Card scan		33,340		-		-		-	
Sheriff – 911		24,089		-		-		-	
Sheriff – training		2,251		-		-		-	
Sheriff – Time system contract		2,500		-		-		-	
Cash flow purposes	4	,769,580		-		-		-	
Designated for subsequent year		-	608,	960	304	,981	713,2	29	
Designated for capital improvement in 2006 budget:									
Forestry loan repayment		164,638		-		•		-	
Parcel Mapping		76,000		-		-		-	
Designated for capital improvements									
in future years	_2	,255,633			-				
	\$7	<u>,541,419</u>	\$ 608,	960	\$ 304	,981	\$ 713,22	29	

NOTE 13 - FUND EQUITY / NET ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Restricted net assets

Restricted net assets are reported on the Statement of Net assets as follows:

	Governmental Activities		ess-type tivities
Insurance deposit	\$ 92,481	\$	-
Grant and program fees	486,683		-
Jail assessments	129,628		_
Landfill closure	-	7	81,005
Nursing home funds	*		14,791
Forestry grants			59,160
	\$ 708,792	\$ 8:	54,956

This information is an integral part of the accompanying basic financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES							(regative)
Taxes							
General property	\$	6,614,036	\$	6,473,694	\$	6,473,694	\$
Forest crop	2770	9,500	•	9,500	4	36,264	26,764
Managed forest land		20,000		20,000		50,461	30,461
County sales tax		1,550,000		1,550,000		1,541,447	(8,553
Real estate transfer fees		40,000		40,000		63,475	23,475
Interest on taxes		225,000		225,000		228,083	3,083
Payment in lieu of taxes		61,500		61,500	-	70,487	8,987
Total taxes		8,520,036	-	8,379,694	_	8,463,911	84,217
Intergovernmental							
State shared revenues		1,317,307		1,317,307		1,261,104	(56,203)
Exempt computer aid		36,341		36,341		36,345	4
Clerk of courts		88,885		88,885		88,549	(336)
Circuit court		78,326		78,326		78,166	(160)
Land information		300		300		300	-
Sheriff department		50,300		74,160		54,453	(19,707)
Emergency management		25,214		25,214		46,659	21,445
Victim witness		29,462		29,462		27,867	(1,595)
Zoning grants		43,000		38,245		38,245	-
Veterans service		10,000		10,000		10,000	-
Family court commissioner		1,530		1,530		1,103	(427)
Corporation counsel		80,043		80,043		37,292	(42,751)
Child support		255,676		255,676		228,701	(26,975)
Public libraries		5,090		5,090		-	(5,090)
UW extension		7,500		8,809		8,919	110
State acreage payment		80,000		80,000		71,387	(8,613)
Land conservation	-	215,008	-	267,915	_	252,503	(15,412)
Total intergovernmental		2,323,982		2,397,303	-	2,241,593	(155,710)
Licenses and permits							
County clerk		2,700		2,700		4,185	1,485
Family court commissioner		4,000		4,000		3,740	(260)
Zoning fees	:	133,500	-	133,500	-	137,721	4,221
Total licenses and permits		140,200		140,200		145,646	5,446

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Fines, forfeits, and penalties	-	Duuget		Duuget		Actual		(egative)
Clerk of courts	\$	130,000	\$	130,000	\$	124,183	\$	(5 017)
Circuit court	Ψ	1,410	Ф	1,410	Ф	1,610	Ф	(5,817) 200
District attorney		1,410		1,410		1,010		200
Sheriff department		13,500		13,500		2,663		(10.927)
onem department	-	13,300	-	13,500		2,003		(10,837)
Total fines, forfeits, and penalties		144,910	9	144,910	-	128,456		(16,454)
Public charges for service								
Clerk of courts		68,000		68,000		66,391		(1,609)
Circuit court		11,856		11,856		11,451		(405)
Family court commissioner		3,200		3,200		3,800		600
Register of deeds		130,060		130,060		125,556		(4,504)
Land information		39,900		39,900		48,517		8,617
County clerk		175		175		640		465
Treasurer		700		700		824		124
District attorney		1,500		3,212		3,212		121
Sheriff department		197,000		215,665		167,318		(48,347)
Maintenance		2,900		2,900		2,160		(740)
Zoning		2,300		2,300		2,223		(77)
Land conservation		600		600		764		164
Administration/personnel				_		32		32
Finance		-		_		167		167
Child support		7,400		7,400		8,692		1,292
UW extension		225		2,198		1,955		(243)
Forest land revenue		200,000		200,000		212,255		12,255
Other charges for service		100		100		5,448		5,348
Total public charges for services	-	665,916		688,266		661,405		(26,861)
International characteristics					Schlein			
Intergovernmental charges for service		50.0 00		= 0.000				
Sheriff department		78,800		78,800		46,227		(32,573)
Emergency Management								-
Land information		1,200		1,200		1,094		(106)
Clerk of courts		350		350		556		206
County clerk		800		800		1,717		917
UW extension	-		_	2,784		5,970		3,186
Total intergovernmental charges for services	-	81,150	2	83,934		55,564		(28,370)

	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Miscellaneous								
Interest	\$	309,500	\$	434,194	\$	652,660	\$	218,466
Rent		122,160		122,160		122,289		129
Tax deed		-		-		94,751		94,751
Sale of county property		30,000		30,000		17,802		(12,198)
Misc		500		500		-		(500)
Insurance recovery		30,000		30,000		8,358		(21,642)
Private organization donations		600		600	_	405	_	(195)
Total miscellaneous		492,760	1	617,454	_	896,265		278,811
Total revenues		12,368,954	_	12,451,761	_	12,592,840		141,079

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES				(A regarite)
General government				
County board chairman	\$ 46,00	0 \$ 46,000	\$ 46,705	\$ (705)
County board committees	108,65			15,364
Clerk of courts	485,13			
Circuit court	237,20		235,269	1,932
Family court commissioner	28,90			-,,,,,,
Coroner	43,29			_
Law library	4,28		2,585	1,700
District attorney	172,02		167,335	2
Corporation counsel	272,21		245,023	27,195
Victim witness	50,55		49,200	1,357
County clerk	115,52		127,022	-
Administration/personnel	143,64		249,254	_
Computer services	598,92		494,740	187,062
General administration	16,09		115,261	23,433
Treasurer	139,86		131,880	7,988
Finance department	338,06		311,638	26,422
Maintenance	659,48		547,097	118,471
Surveyor	193,47		190,884	2,586
Tax description	98,22		83,718	8,418
Register of deeds	235,63	20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	227,743	7,894
Land records	270,55		203,639	93,775
Tax assessment	67,78	2 67,362	63,676	3,686
Insurance	105,72		75,627	32,195
Elections	23,20		18,905	
Contingency fund	360,00			8,313
Total general government	4,814,46	0 4,869,996	4,302,908	567,088

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Public safety	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Sheriff department:				
Law enforcement	\$ 2,449,787	\$ 2,419,610	\$ 2,297,418	\$ 122,192
Emergency communication (911)	691,932	688,811	595,901	92,910
Correction and detention	1,550,896	1,609,147	1,574,450	34,697
Emergency management	87,698		96,323	(8,625)
Civil service commission	4,870	4,870	527	4,343
Total public safety	4,785,183	4,810,136	4,564,619	245,517
Public works				
Zoning-sanitation	43,000	38,245	38,245	
Health and human services				
Community organizations	14,500	39,500	39,500	-
Health care center	510,810		510,810	-
Child support agency	279,226	279,226	268,742	10,484
Veterans services	125,187	124,448	118,042	6,406
Cemetery	1,314	1,314	1,314	
Total health and human services	931,037	955,298	938,408	16,890
Culture, recreation, and education				
Public libraries	544,007	544,007	544,597	(590)
UW extension	273,324	283,686	262,833	20,853
Total culture, recreation, and education	817,331	827,693	807,430	20,263
Conservation and development				
Economic development	43,000	43,000	43,000	¥0
Zoning	445,220	447,235	402,716	44,519
Land conservation	372,552	425,145	400,176	24,969
Total conservation and development	860,772	915,380	845,892	69,488

	-	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	F	ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Capital outlay							
Maintenance	\$	51,960	\$	51,960	\$ 70,749	\$	(18,789)
County Board		-		8,130	8,130		(10,102)
Land records		325,000		325,000	209,585		115,415
District Attorney		-		8,850	8,850		-
Zoning							-
Sheriff	-	162,000	-	603,478	 601,218	-	2,260
Total capital outlay	19 	538,960		997,418	898,532	2	98,886
Total expenditures	_	12,790,743	-	13,414,166	12,396,034		1,018,132
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(421,789)		(962,405)	196,806		1,159,211
Other financing sources (uses)							
Funds applied		719,293		1,259,909	1,259,909		
Transfer in		-		1,239,909	467,358		467,358
Transfer out		(297,504)		(297,504)	(297,504)		407,338
Total other financing sources (uses)		421,789		962,405	 1,429,763	_	467,358
Net change in fund balance - budget basis	\$		\$		1,626,569	\$	1,626,569
RECONCILATION FROM BUDGET TO GAAP:							
Fund balance applied is reported as an other financing source for budget purposes, but fund							
balance applied is not reported as an other financing source for GAAP purposes					 (1,259,909)		
Net change in fund balance					366,660		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING					11,287,435		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING					\$ 11,654,095		

REVENUES		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
General property	•	2.025.422	•	2 3 72 23 7	2		
Intergovernmental	\$	2,037,422 984,298	\$	2,147,764	\$	2,147,764	
and by the second	-	904,290	-	965,311		956,420	(8,891)
Total revenues		3,021,720		3,113,075		3,104,184	(8,891)
EXPENDITURES							
Public works	_	3,255,200	_	3,294,860	_	3,326,969	(32,109)
Deficiency of revenues over (under)							
expenditures		(233,480)	-	(181,785)	_	(222,785)	(41,000)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Fund balance applied		233,480	_	181,785	_	181,785	
Net change in fund balance - budget basis	\$		\$	-		(41,000)	\$ (41,000)
RECONCILATION FROM BUDGET TO GAAP:							
Fund balance applied is reported as an other financing source for budget purposes, but fund							
balance applied is not reported as an other							
financing source for GAAP purposes						(101 505)	
matering source for Orbit purposes						(181,785)	
Net change in fund balance						(222,785)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING						181,785	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING					\$	(41,000)	

	_	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES								
General property	\$	446,879	\$	476,879	\$	476,879	\$	-
Intergovernmental Public charges for service		2,721,722		2,721,722		2,924,307		202,585
Miscellaneous revenues		-		-		51,797		51,797
Miscenaneous revenues		-			_	1,640		1,640
Total revenues		3,168,601		3,198,601		3,454,623		256,022
EXPENDITURES								
Health and human services		3,179,950	_	3,209,950		3,287,932		(77,982)
Total expenditures		3,179,950		3,209,950		3,287,932		(77,982)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	-	(11,349)		(11,349)	_	166,691		178,040
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Fund balance applied		11,349		11,349		11,349		-
Transfer out	-	-				(446,544)		446,544
Total other financing sources (uses)		11,349		11,349		(435,195)		446,544
Net change in fund balance - budget basis	\$	-	\$			(268,504)	\$	624,584
RECONCILATION FROM BUDGET TO GAAP:								
Fund balance applied is reported as an other financing source for budget purposes, but fund								
balance applied is not reported as an other								
financing source for GAAP purposes					_	(11,349)		
Net change in fund balance						(279,853)		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING						956,113		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING					\$	676,260		

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		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
General property	\$	33,101	\$	33,101	\$	33,101	\$	
Intergovernmental		3,518,103		3,518,103		3,550,861		32,758
Public charges for service		347,501		347,501		648,715		301,214
Miscellaneous revenues	_				_	18		18
Total revenues		3,898,705		3,898,705		4,232,695		333,990
EXPENDITURES								
Health and human services	_	3,931,331	_	3,931,331	_	4,286,268		(354,937)
Total expenditures		3,931,331		3,931,331	-	4,286,268		(354,937)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(32,626)		(32,626)		(53,573)		(20,947)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Fund balance applied		66,096		66,096		66,096		-
Transfer out	((33,470)		(33,470)	_	(33,470)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		32,626		32,626		32,626		
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$			(20,947)	\$	(20,947)
RECONCILATION FROM BUDGET TO GAAP: Fund balance applied is reported as an other financing source for budget purposes, but fund balance applied is not reported as an other								
financing source for GAAP purposes						(66,096)		
Net change in fund balance - budget basis						(87,043)		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING						427,380		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING					\$	340,337		

LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2005

NOTE 1 - EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES OVER FINAL BUDGET

The County follows these procedures in establishing the annual budget:

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- County management submits to the County Board a proposed operating budget for the calendar
 year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed
 expenditures and the means of financing them. After submission to the governing body, public
 hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed
 budget, including authorized additions and deletions, is legally enacted by the County Board
 action.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the
 governmental funds, except for the application of the prior year fund balance. Budget is
 defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Individual
 amendments throughout the year were not material in relation to the original budget. Budget
 appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the
 governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.

For the year ending December 31, 2005, the legally adopted budget line items with actual expenditures over the final budget were as follows:

General fund:	Fin	al Budget	1	Actual
General government: County Board Chairman Public Safety:	\$	46,000	\$	46,705
Emergency Management Culture, recreation, and education		87,698		96,323
Public Libraries Capital outlay:		544,007		544,597
Maintenance County Roads and Bridges Fund:		51,960		70,749
Public Works Social Services Fund:	3	,294,860	3	,326,969
Health and human services Developmental Disabilities Fund:	3	3,209,950	3	,287,932
Health and human services	3	3,931,331	4,	,286,268

COMBINING FUND STATEMENTS

LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2005

						Special	Special Revenue											Total
	ŭ ⊞	County Health	Com	Commission on Aging	- 3	Dog License	Con	Community Development	Eme	Emergency <u>Medical</u>	Asses	Jail Assessment		Total	S D	Debt Service	Gove	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	€9	286,437	69	155,688	S	31,181	8	25,132	S	35	S	130,008	€9	628,481	~	256,883	S	885,364
Acceptances (net of anowances): Property taxes Accounts Loans		538,256		102,401 5,443		706				458,384 291,989				1,099,041 303,552 172,901				1,099,041 303,552 172,901
Due from other governments Prepaid items		18,566		27,351				1		21,393		1,030		68,340		1 1		68,340
TOTAL ASSETS	€4	848,673	€	290,883	65	31,887	€9	198,033	8	772,120	69	131,038	5	2,272,634	4	256,883	8	2,529,517
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities																		
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits	49	7,433	69	18,972 7,948	69	29,955	€9	F 00 0	S	267	\$	1,410	S	58,037 29,102	S	* *	8	58,037
Due to other funds Due to other governments		1 1				932				285				285				2,622
Deferred revenue		538,256		102,401				172,901		487,584				1,301,142				1,301,142
Total liabilities		565,713		129,321		30,887		172,901		491,888		1,410		1,392,120		1		1,392,120
Fund balances:																		
Keserved: Prepaid items		,		٠		1		,		319				319				319
Grants and program fees Jail assessment		137,421		156,800		r - r						969061		294,221		·		294,221
Unreserved, designated: Subsequent years' expenditures		145,539		4,762		1,000		25,132	2	279,913		1		456,346		256,883		713 229
Total fund balance		282,960		161,562		1,000		25,132	2	280,232	I	129,628		880,514	,,,	256,883		1.137.397
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	S	848,673	65	290,883	S	31,887	S	198,033	8	772,120	8	131,038	8	2,272,634	8	256,883	\$	2,529,517

LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2005

			Specia	Special Revenue							Total
	County	Commission	Dog	Community	Emergency	Jail			Debt	~ ß	Nonmajor Governmental
REVENUES	Health	on Aging	License	Development	Medical	Assessment	Total		Service		Funds
Taxes	\$ 528,137	\$ 100,672	· •	\$	\$ 576,651	· ·	\$ 1.20	1 205 460	,	v	1 205 460
Intergovernmental revenues	121,661	354,122	1	626	84,713			561,475	,	•	561,475
Fine forfeite and namalties	2,877	•	30,524	•	•	•	60	33,401	·		33,401
Public charges for service	- 23 627	140 676				48,133	4	48,133	•		48,133
Intergovernmental charges for service	137,985	140,376		14,1/3	815,525		1,00	,003,901	310		1,003,901
Miscellaneous revenues	5,719	14.578		5 045	14,996		IS	157,236	119,838		277,074
								2,342			25,342
Total revenues	830,006	614,203	30,524	20,197	1,491,885	48,133	3,03	3,034,948	119,838		3,154,786
EXPENDITURES Curent:											
Public safety	•		•	•	1 246 805	54 231	1 30	700			
Health and human services	761,845	298,600	30,524	•	1,000	107,40	1,30	1,390,969			1,301,036
Conservation and development		•	9	626		0		626			626
Capital outlay	•	ï	•	•	93,850	39,844	13	133,694	•		133,694
Principal	•		36	,		,			66.763		676 77
Interest			٠					(9)	102,113		102,114
									173,114		193,114
Total expenditures	761,845	298,600	30,524	979	1,340,655	94,075	2,82	2,826,678	259,877		3,086,555
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	68,161	15,603		19,218	151,230	(45,942)	20	208,270	(140,039)		68,231
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
I ransfers in Transfers out	(20,814)		6 16		97,504		6	97,504	89,654		187,158 (20,814)
Total other financing sources and uses	(20,814)	•			97,504	•	7	76,690	89,654		166,344
Net change in fund balances	47,347	15,603	,	19,218	248,734	(45,942)	28	284,960	(50,385)		234,575
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	235,613	145,959	1,000	5,914	31,498	175,570	59.	595,554	307,268		902,822
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 282,960	\$ 161,562	\$ 1,000	\$ 25,132	\$ 280,232	\$ 129,628	\$ 88	880,514	\$ 256,883	€9	1,137,397

LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS December 31, 2005

	1	Internal Service Fun	ds
		Health	
A COTTON	Highway	<u>Insurance</u>	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:		20. 20.200	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 120,794	\$ 3,852,823	\$ 3,973,617
Accounts receivable	383	29,681	30,064
Due from other governments	440,484	750	441,234
Inventories, at cost	631,840		631,840
Total current assets	1,193,501	3,883,254	5,076,755
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Land	35,540	_	35,540
Improvements other than buildings	274,940	**	274,940
Buildings	1,291,723	21	1,291,723
Machinery and equipment	9,859,439	-	9,859,439
Work in progress	30,358	-	30,358
Less accumulated depreciation	(6,326,355)	-	(6,326,355)
Total capital assets	5,165,645		5,165,645
Total assets	6,359,146	3,883,254	10,242,400
LIA DILITITO			
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	84,722	250,480	335,202
Accrued expenses	97,992	830	98,822
Compensated absences payable	135,925		135,925
Accrued claims	-	660,594	660,594
Deferred revenue	225	-	225
Total current liabilities	318,864	911,904	1,230,768
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences payable	129,762		129,762
Total liabilities	448,626	911,904	1,360,530
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets,			
net of related debt	5 165 615		* * * * * * * *
Unrestricted	5,165,645	2.071.250	5,165,645
- Moderatora	744,875	2,971,350	3,716,225
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 5,910,520	\$ 2,971,350	\$ 8,881,870

LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2005

	I	nternal Service Fun	ds
		Health	
	Highway	Insurance	<u>Total</u>
OPERATING REVENUES			
Interdepartmental charges for service	\$ 3,385,686	\$ 3,860,136	\$ 7,245,822
Intergovernmental charges for service	2,116,766	● 0	2,116,766
Other operating revenue	16,649		16,649
Total operating revenues	5,519,101	3,860,136	9,379,237
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Claims expense		3,817,671	3,817,671
General services	4,754,853	-	4,754,853
Administrative and fiscal services	303,983	411,805	715,788
Depreciation and amortization	498,930		498,930
Total operating expenses	5,557,766	4,229,476	9,787,242
Operating income	(38,665)	(369,340)	(408,005)
NONOPERATING REVENUES			
Rent revenue	50		
Miscellaneous	6,562	-	50
Interest income		92,919	6,562 92,919
Total nonoperating revenues	6,612	92,919	99,531
Change in net assets	(32,053)	(276,421)	(308,474)
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING	5,942,573	3,247,771	9,190,344
NET ASSETS - ENDING	\$ 5,910,520	\$ 2,971,350	\$ 8,881,870

LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2005

		Iı	ntern	al Service Fu	nds	
		***		Health		served of each
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		<u>Highway</u>		<u>Insurance</u>		<u>Total</u>
Receipts from other County departments	•	2 207 606		21222		
Receipts from government and other parties for sales	\$	3,385,686	\$	3,860,136	\$	7,245,822
Payments to employees for compensation and fringe benefits		1,965,805		(21.401)		1,965,805
Payments to vendors for goods and services		(2,881,115)		(21,491)		(2,902,606)
a shirt to vehicles for goods and services	-	(2,464,938)	-	(4,016,099)	_	(6,481,037)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	5,438	_	(177,454)	_	(172,016)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Purchases of capital assets		(737,007)		-		(737,007)
Insurance recovery for damaged equipment		151,924		-		151,924
Proceeds from sale of assets	_	104,100			() 	104,100
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(480,983)		-		(480,983)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest received	-	-	_	78,433		78,433
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(475,545)		(99,021)		(574,566)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		596,339		3,951,844		4,548,183
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$	120,794	\$	3,852,823	<u>\$</u>	3,973,617
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	(38,665)	\$	(369,340)	\$	(408,005)
Depreciation and amortization Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		498,930		1		498,930
Accounts receivable		14,494				14,494
Due from other governments		(182, 104)		=		(182,104)
Prepaid expenses		1,330		_		1,330
Inventories		4,881		-		4,881
Accounts payable		(249,064)		6,644		(242,420)
Accrued expenses		(47,040)		347		(46,693)
Compensated absences		3,364		i.		3,364
Deferred revenue		(688)		-		(688)
Accrued claims		-	_	184,895		184,895
Total adjustments		44,103		191,886		235,989
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	5,438	\$	(177,454)	\$	(172,016)

LINCOLN COUNTY, WISCONSIN COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

December 31, 2005

			Agenc	y Funds		
	Employee Benefit <u>Cafeteria Plan</u>		C	erk of Court tion Fund		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,555	\$:=:	\$	20,555
Accounts receivable				186,434		186,434
Total assets	\$	20,555	\$	186,434	\$	206,989
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		4,754		-		4,754
Deposits and advances		11,723		-		11,723
Due other governments		-		186,434		186,434
Due to other funds	-	4,078	-		-	4,078
Total liabilities	\$	20,555	\$	186,434	\$	206,989